- (c) A receiver or trustee in bankruptcy, or an assignee for the benefit of creditors.
- (d) The members of a partnership remaining after the death or withdrawal of a general partner.

§17.73 Failure to register.

A person eligible for succession to the privileges of a taxpayer, in accordance with §§17.71 and 17.72, who fails to register the succession with ATF, as required by §17.71, shall pay a new special tax if a claim for drawback is filed on distilled spirits used by the successor during the tax year for which the original special tax was paid.

§ 17.74 Certificates in lieu of lost stamps.

The provisions of §§17.71-73 apply to certificates issued in lieu of lost or destroyed special tax stamps.

§ 17.75 Formation of partnership or corporation.

If one or more persons who have paid special tax form a partnership or corporation, as a separate legal entity, to take over the business of manufacturing nonbeverage products, the new firm or corporation shall pay a new special tax in order to be eligible to receive drawback.

§ 17.76 Addition or withdrawal of partners.

(a) General partners. When a business formed as a partnership, subject to special tax, admits one or more new general partners, the new partnership shall pay a new special tax in order to be eligible to receive drawback. Withdrawal of general partners is covered by §17.72(d).

(b) Limited partners. Changes in the membership of a limited partnership requiring amendment of the certificate but not dissolution of the partnership are not changes that incur liability to additional special tax.

$\S 17.77$ Reincorporation.

When a new corporation is formed to take over and conduct the business of one or more corporations that have paid special tax, the new corporation

shall pay special tax and obtain a stamp in its own name.

CHANGE IN NAME OR STYLE

§17.81 General.

A person who paid special tax is not required to pay a new special tax by reason of a mere change in the trade name or style under which the business is conducted, nor by reason of a change in management which involves no change in the proprietorship of the business.

§17.82 Change in capital stock.

A new special tax is not required by reason of a change of name or increase in the capital stock of a corporation, if the laws of the State of incorporation provide for such changes without creating a new corporation.

§ 17.83 Sale of stock.

A new special tax is not required by reason of the sale or transfer of all or a controlling interest in the capital stock of a corporation.

REFUND OF SPECIAL TAX

§ 17.91 Absence of liability, refund of special tax.

The special tax paid may be refunded if it is established that the taxpayer did not file a claim for drawback for the period covered by the special tax stamp. If a claim for drawback is filed, the special tax may be refunded if no drawback is paid or allowed for the period covered by the stamp.

§17.92 Filing of refund claim.

Claim for refund of special tax must be filed on ATF Form 2635 (5620.8), Claim—Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Taxes. The claim must set forth in detail sufficient reasons and supporting facts of the exact basis of the claim. The special tax stamp shall be attached to the claim.

(68A Stat. 791 (26 U.S.C. 6402))

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